**Quiz Questions**

**How will the climate crisis affect health?**

1. It doesn’t impact on public health, it only affects temperature and weather events like storms.
2. It will impact only individuals hurt in extreme weather events.
3. It will impact only areas with weak health infrastructure like developing countries.
4. It is the single biggest health threat facing humanity and will disrupt care and affect patients and the public at every stage of their lives everywhere.

**Between 2030 and 2050 climate change is expected to cause how many additional deaths per year from undernutrition, malaria, diarrhoea and heat stress alone?**

1. 4,000
2. 19,000
3. 66,000
4. 250,000

**What has a bigger carbon footprint?**

1. Healthcare services in Spain.
2. NHS services in England.
3. The entire country of Bhutan.
4. All the planes departing Heathrow airport.

**The NHS is responsible for what percentage of UK public sector emissions?**

1. Under 5%
2. 18%
3. 29%
4. 50%

**How much waste do NHS providers produce each year?**

1. 52,000 tonnes
2. 101,000 tonnes
3. 124,000 tonnes
4. 156,000 tonnes

**How much plastic waste created by the NHS is recycled?**

1. Less than 5%
2. Around 24%
3. Around 37%
4. More than 65%

**Increasing summer heatwaves will affect the health of up to how many people in the UK?**

1. 1 thousand
2. 5 thousand
3. 1 million
4. 12 million

**How many people in the UK will be at risk of flooding by 2023?**

1. 50,000
2. 106,000
3. 8 million
4. 2.6 million

**What percentage of NHS staff surveyed supported targets to reduce the NHS’ carbon footprint?**

1. 21%
2. 42%
3. 77%
4. 98%

**What is the NHS’s target to get to net zero carbon emissions?**

1. By 2030
2. By 2035
3. By 2040
4. By 2050

(NHS target is by 2040 for our own NHS carbon footprint and for 2045 for our carbon footprint plus which includes emissions from our wider supply chain and transporting goods to us.)

**Which of the below NHS documents contain obligations for NHS trusts to reduce carbon emissions and improve the environmental sustainability of services?**

1. Delivering a Net Zero NHS Report 2022 (embedded into legislation through the Health and Care Act 2022 as statutory guidance).
2. NHS Standard Contract Service Conditions 24/25.
3. NHSEI Guidance on Updating the Joint Forward Plan for 24/25.
4. NHS Estates Net Zero Carbon Delivery Plan 2021.
5. The Public Services (Social Value) Act 2012.
6. National Health Service Act 2006.
7. All of the Above

**Approximately how many disposable cups are used across NHS services in England each year?**

1. 1 million
2. 43 million
3. 154 million
4. 600 million

**Which of these things produces the highest amount of carbon emissions across the NHS?**

1. Building energy
2. Medicines and chemicals
3. Water and waste
4. Staff and patient travel

**Reducing carbon emissions to meet the goals of the Paris Climate Change Agreement could save how many lives per year worldwide by 2050 through reductions in air pollution alone?**

1. 4,000
2. 39,000
3. 407,000
4. 1 million

**The value of health gains from taking action on climate change and reducing carbon emissions would be:**

1. Lower than the cost of implementing carbon mitigation measures.
2. About the same as the cost of implementing carbon mitigation measures.
3. Just slightly higher than the cost of implementing carbon mitigation measures.
4. Double the cost of implementing carbon mitigation measures.

**Future CQC inspections will:**

1. Not include action on climate change or carbon emission reductions.
2. Include action on climate change and carbon reduction for estates teams only.
3. Include action on climate change and carbon reduction for non-clinical teams only.
4. Include a requirement to ‘understand any negative impact of our activities on the environment and strive to make a positive contribution in reducing it and supping people to do the same.”